

Index Vocabulorum.

A.

Agam, nolo.
Ajar, sol, clarus, serenus
 dies, Sam. *hajar*, sol.
Ajarem, splendeo, luceo.
Ajeren, sejungo. Tat. ^{o)}
Aks'ak, claudus. Tat.
Aks'aklem, claudico. Tat.
Ala, urbs. F. *kylä*. (Tat.
 kala),
Alak, pratum. Tat.
Alanga, perca fluviatilis.
 Tat.
Altalem, mentior, decipio.
 Tat.
Amalem, dormio.
Anasa, janua.
Andz'em, intueor, conspicio.
 Syrj. *adz'ja*, video. F. *kat-*
 son.
Andz'ektem, ostendo.
Ang, vesica.
Anga, tabula, assis.
Ar, sobrius.
Ara, strues, cumulus.
Arangas' (*drängäs'*), innu-
 ptus.
Arras'engä, musca.
Arava, rota, carrus, plau-
 strum. Tat.
Arz'a, juba. F. *harja*
As'kedäm, gradior. F. *as-*
 tun.

D. E. I.

Dc'onges'lem, volo, vo-
 lito.
Edem, homo, qui non est
 Tschеремиссус. Tat.
Elemen, peregrinus.
Eder (*idir*), filia, puella.
 F. *tytär*.
Ederämäš', uxor juvenis.
Efelem, spiro.
Elem, vivo. F. *elän*
Emetkä, umbra.
Engez'ä, humerus, pars hu-
 meri ad collum proxi-
 ma. Tat.
Frdä, medulla arboris. F.
 ydin.
Ergä, filius, puer. F. *yrki*.
Excelä, glans. Germ. *Eichel*.
I, (*ü*), annus.
I, (*ü*) glacies, *Iän*, glacia-
 tus, glacie plenus.
Im, (*üm*), acus. F. *äimä*,
 Syrj. *jem*.
Iouni, equus.
Ingiz' (*engez'*), rubus fru-
 ticosus.
Injänem, credo, spero. Tat.
Ir, mane, tempus matuti-
 num. Tat.
Ir, ripa. Tat.
Ire, purus. *Irektem*, purgo,
 mundo.

^{o)} Vocabula Tataricae originis ita denotavimus,

Foreword to the Vocabulary

The vocabulary has been realphabetized, rewritten, translated and commented on according to the following principles:

The lemma is transcribed from Castrén's Latin script according to the same rules as in the grammatical part. Castrén has sometimes given two phonetic alternatives of a word, as he has not been sure of the exact quality of the vowels. As the reduced vowels in this volume have been marked with *ä* (front) and *ə* (back), the alternative forms have been left out. The lemma is followed in square brackets [] by the form given in A.A. Savatkova's (1981, 2008) dictionaries of the Hill dialect of the Mari language and L.P. Vasikova's (1994) Hill Mari orthographic dictionary. Savatkova's (1981) forms, however, have been corrected according to the modern Cyrillic orthography, the rules of which are described in Vasikova (1994: 525–589). If no present-day orthographic form is given, the word is not found in the dictionaries of literary Hill Mari.

The translation is given according to Castrén's original translation, taking into account the semantics of the modern Mari word: if there is a significant difference, the actual, modern meaning is given in square brackets. As a general rule, all the comments in square brackets are produced by the editor, whereas parentheses originate with Castrén. The translations of words in other languages come from Castrén. He has, however, often left them untranslated.

The correspondences in the Uralic languages are marked with [≠] (no etymological correspondence) or [=] (reliable comparison) or [?=] (dubious comparison) separately for each language. References to other languages are given according to Castrén, either with a comma or semicolon only, or with "cf." ("Cfr."). Castrén probably has not meant all these references to be etymological cognates, but, to be on the safe side, they too have been marked with the signs of positive or negative etymological correspondence.

The same marking is used for loanwords from the Turkic languages Chuvash and Tatar. Castrén marks almost all Turkic loanwords with the label "Tat.", although most of them are of Chuvash origin. This is understandable, as in Castrén's time Chuvash was assumed to be related to Finno-Ugric languages. Thus it could not be considered as a donor language.

The references to etymological sources are provided at the end of each lemma. These are: Károly Rédei & al. *Uralisches etymologisches Wörterbuch* (= UEW), Gábor Bereczki's *Etymologisches Wörterbuch des Tscheremissischen (Mari)*. *Der einheimische Wortschatz* (= GB), *Suomen*

sanojen alkuperä (SSA1–3), Martti Räsänen’s monographies *Die tschuwassischen Lehnwörter im Tscheremissischen* (= R1) and *Die tatarischen Lehnwörter im Tscheremissischen* (= R2), M.R. Fedotov’s *Исторические связи чувашского языка с языками угро-финнов Поволжья и Перми. Ч. I. Чувашско-марийские связи* (= Fed.), N.I. Isanbaev’s *Марийско-туркские языковые контакты* (= Is.), Aulis J. Joki’s *Uralier und Indo-germanen* (= Joki) and A.A. Savatkova’s *Русские заимствования в марийском языке* (= Sav.). The correct present-day etymology is given in brackets at the end of the entry. In the case of two competing etymologies, both are given separated with a tilde (~). There are some cases where the reference with [=] is given but no etymology. These are words of unknown origin which Castrén has incorrectly interpreted as belonging to inherited or borrowed vocabulary.

If the word in question belongs to inherited lexicon, instead of listing all cognate languages, a letter code is given of the distribution. The codes given in UEW (FU for Finno-Ugric or U for Uralic or FV for Finno-Volgaic, etc.) are used when possible. However, if a word with the marking FP in UEW is not found, e.g., in the Finno-Saamic branch but only in the Volgaic and Permic languages, it is marked with VP; or if it occurs only in Mari and in the Permic and Ugric branches, it is marked with MU, etc. (see the abbreviations at the end of the vocabulary).

Finally, after the full stop at the end of the entry, the corresponding form in the Meadow-Eastern Mari literary language is given, if it exists. No correspondence is shown with a dash (-).

The words from languages other than Mari are given in Castrén’s spelling. Some Finnish words have dialectal forms (e.g., *mae* for *made* ‘burbot’ or *kaarnet* for *kaarne* ‘raven’).

The binomial Latin names of animals and plants come from Castrén. They do not always correspond to the modern ones.

If Castrén gives the stem and its derivation as separate lemmas, they are left as such.

The translations of verbs are mostly given in the first person singular. It is the form traditionally used for Mari lemmas, because it distinguishes the two conjugations from each other (unlike the infinitive).

In editing the vocabulary, four different manuscripts of Castrén have been used: The earliest of them with Swedish translations lists the words mainly according to word classes but without alphabetical order. The second Swedish manuscript is organized in alphabetical order. The first manuscript in Latin is sketchy with many corrections and insertions partly in Swedish. The final Latin manuscript has served as the basis for the printed version but with some insertions.

FOREWORD TO THE VOCABULARY

Judging by the handwriting, the Swedish manuscripts are both made by Castrén, but the Latin manuscripts definitely originate from someone else's pen (probably the translator's). Unfortunately, we do not know who translated Castrén's texts into Latin. During the organization and translation processes, some writing and typing errors or misinterpretations have occurred. They have been corrected in this edition and marked respectively in the footnotes.

The alphabetical order is as follows: a, ä, c (dc), č (dč), e, g, χ, i, j, k, l, m, n, o, ö, p, r, s, š, z, ž, t, u, v, y, õ, œ.

61–75

Vocabulary

A

- agəm* [агым] ‘I am not, I do not’; [= FU] UEW 68. [= огым]
ajar [аяр] ‘sun, clear, bright day’; [=] Saa. *hajar*; [< Chuv.]
 R1 158. [= ояр]
ajarem [аярем] ‘I shine’ ['to clear (of weather)']; [< Chuv.]
 R1 158. [= оярем]
ajərem [айырем] ‘I separate’; [=] Tat. *); [< Chuv.] R1 159.
 [= ойырем]
akšak [акшак] ‘limping’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 160. [= ок-
 сак]
akšaklem [акшаклем] ‘I limp’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 160.
 [= оксаклем]
ala [ала] ‘town’; [=] Fi. *kylä*, [=] (Tat. *kala*); [< Chuv.] R1
 160. [= ола]
alangə [аланғы] ‘Perca fluviatilis, perch’; [=] Tat.;
 [< Chuv.] R1 161. [= оланғе]
alək [алық] ‘meadow’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 161. [= олық]
altalem [алталем] ‘I lie, I betray’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1
 163. [= ондалем]
amalem [амалем] ‘I sleep’. [= малем]
amasa [амаса] ‘door’. [= омса]
-

^{*)} We mark the words of Tatar origin in this way.

andžem [анжем] ‘I look, I notice’; [=] Ko. *adzja* ‘I see’,
[≠] Fi. *katson*; [= MP] UEW 607, GB 173. [= ончем]
andžəktem [анжыктем] ‘I show’; [= MP] UEW 607, GB
173. [= ончыктем]
ang [ханг] ‘bladder’. –
anga [анга] ‘board’; [< Chuv.] R1 166. [= онга]
ar [ары] ‘sober’; [< Chuv.] R1 167. –
ara [апа] ‘pile, stack’; [< Chuv.] R1 167. [= опа]
arangəž (ärängöž) [арангыж] ‘unmarried (young man)’
[‘bridegroom’]. –
arrašõngä [арашибынгä] ‘fly’; [< Chuv.] R1 167, 207. [= опа-
шынга]
arava [арава] ‘cart, hansom’; [≠] Tat. [< Chuv.] R1 168.
[= орава]
arža [аржа] ‘mane’; [≠] Fi. *harja*, [? < Iran.] Joki 251.
[= оржа]
aškedäm [ашкедäm] ‘I walk’; [=] Fi. *astua*; [= FU] UEW
19, GB 177. [= ошкедам]

A

äk [äк] ‘price’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 19. [= ак]
äkä [äкä] ‘older sister’; [< Chuv.] R1 112. [= aka]
ängör [ängeř] ‘river’; [≠] Fi. *onki*. [= энгер]
ängörem [ängeřрем] ‘I angle’; [< Iran.] Joki 254. [= энги-
рем]
ängösör [ängeřсыр] ‘narrow’; [< Chuv.] R1 113. [= ангысыр]
äpsät [äпшät] ‘blacksmith’. [= апшат]
ärdö [äрдöй] ‘thigh’; [= FP] GB 16, UEW 625. [= эрде]

- 208 The correct spelling of this word is uncertain, since it is not found in the literary language.

ärem [äрем] ‘I borrow, I lend’. [= арем]
ärnjä [ärня] ‘week’; [= Tat.; < Chuv.] R1 114. [= арня]
äšöndärem [äшёндäрем] ‘I remember’; [< Chuv.] R1 116. –
äzä [äзä] ‘child’; [< Chuv.] R1 111. [= аза]
ätjä [ätя] ‘father’; [= Saa. *attje*; [< Chuv.] R1 239, Fed. 73.
 [= ача]
ävä [äвä] ‘mother’; [< Chuv.] R1 109. [= ава]

C

*calko*²⁰⁸ ‘feather’ (see *pən*); [= Fi. *sulka*; [< Tat.] R2 75. –
canga [цангä] ‘Corvus monedula, jackdaw’; [< Chuv.] R1 229. [= чанга]
cärem [цäрем] ‘I interrupt’, caus. *cäröktem*; [< Chuv.] R1 229. [= чарем]
cärnem [цärnem] ‘I cease (doing)’; [< Chuv.] R1 229.
 [= чарнем]
cer [цер] ‘illness, disease’; [< Tat.] R2 77. [= чер]
cever [цевер] ‘happy’ ['beautiful']; [< Tat.] R2 76. [= чевер]
cic [циц] ‘full’. [= тич]
cilä [цилä] ‘all (цёлый)’; [= MP] UEW 613, GB 5. [= чыла]
curejem [цуреем] ‘I swear’ ['I suffer']. –
cäbä [цибä] ‘chicken’; [< Chuv.] R1 230. [= чыве]
cäre [цире] ‘face’ ['colour of the face']; [< Tat.] R2 81.
 [= чурий]
cäzä [цизы] ‘breast, teat’. [= чызе]

209 *edemän* has the derivative suffix *än*, which is identical with the genitive ending.

Č, DČ

- čiem* [чиэм] ‘I get dressed’; [=] Tat. [= чиэм]
dčongeštem [чонгештем] ‘I fly’. [= чонгештем]
čyčäm [чүчäm] ‘I close’. [= түчам]

E

- edem* [едем] ‘a person who is not Mari’; [=] Tat. [< Chuv.] R1 111. [= айдеме]
*edemän*²⁰⁹ [едемын] ‘stranger’; [=] Tat. [< Chuv.] R1 111.
eχelä [эхельй] ‘acorn’; [=] Germ. *Eichel*. –
ergä [эргы] ‘son, boy’; [=] Fi. *yrkä*; [= FU] UEW 84, GB 17. [= эрге]

Х

- χalək* [халык] ‘people (not Cheremis)’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 32. [= калык]
χəna (*χna*) [хына] ‘guest; stranger’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 235. [= уна]

I

- i₁* (*ii*) ‘year’; [= FU] UEW 98, GB 21, SSA1 223. [= ий]
i₂ (*ii*) ‘ice’, *iän* [иän] ‘icy, full of ice’; [= FU] UEW 93, GB 21, SSA1 260. [= ий, иян]
iäm [иäm] ‘I swim’; [=] Fi. *uin*; [= U] UEW 542, GB 21, SSA3 368. [= иям]
im (*iim*) ‘needle’; [=] Fi. *äimä*, [=] Ko. *jem*; [= U] UEW 22, GB 25, SSA3 495. [= име]
imni [имни] ‘horse’. [= имне]

ingəž (əŋgəž) [ингъіж, йінгъіж] ‘*Rubus fruticosus, blackberry*’ ['raspberry']; [= VU] UEW 26, GB 16. [= энгыж]

ir [ир] ‘(in the) morning, early’; [=] Tat. [< Chuv.] R1 126. [= эр]

irə [ирый] ‘clean’, *irəktem* [ирыйктем] ‘I clean’; [< Chuv.] R1 126. [= эре, эрыктем]

izärnjä (iziärnjä) [изэрня] ‘Thursday [lit. small week]’; [< Chuv.] R1 114. [= изарня]

izi [изи] ‘little’; [=] Tat. [= FU]; UEW 78, GB 27. [= изи]

iträ [итыйпä] ‘clean’. *iträjem* ‘I clean’. [= йытыра, йытыраем]

itən [итейн] ‘flax’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 30. [= йытын]

ј

jadam [ядам] ‘I ask’; [= VP] UEW 632, GB 32. [= юдам]

jaklaka [яклака] ‘slippery; smooth, plain’; [< Chuv.] Fed. 158, R1 240. [= яклака]

jakšargə [якшаргы] ‘red’, *jakšargem* [якшаргем] ‘I reddened’. [= юошкарге, юошкаргем]

jal (*jaal*) [ял] ‘foot’; [=] Fi. *jalka*; [= FU] UEW 88, GB 34, SSA1 234. [= юол]

jalaxai [ялахай] ‘lazy, lazybones’; [< Chuv.] R1 134. [= юолагай]

jalaš [ялаш] ‘trousers, pants’; [= FU] UEW 88, GB 34, SSA1 234. [= юолаш]

jaldaš [ялташ] ‘slave’ ['friend']; [< Chuv.] R1 135. [= юолташ]

jalštēm (*jaləštēm*) [ялштем] ‘I bind, I tie up’. [= юолыштем]

- jamak* [ямак] ‘fairy-tale’; [=] Tat. [< Chuv.] R1 135. [= йомак]
- jamam* [ямам] ‘I vanish, I perish’; [=] Ko. *jama* ‘I weaken’, *jamdem* [ямдем] ‘I lose’; [= U] UEW 89, GB 34. [= йомам, йомдем]
- jangəlem* [янгылем] ‘I get tired, I become exhausted’. [= йонглем]
- jangəštem* [янгыштем] ‘I grind’; [=] Fi. *jauhan*; [= FW] UEW 631, GB 35, SSA1 237. [= йонгыштем]
- jaratem* [яратем] ‘I love’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 137. [= йөратем]
- jarem* [ярем] ‘I am fit, fine’, *jardəmə* [ярдымы] ‘unfit’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 136. [= йөрем, йөрдымө]
- jažo* [яжо] ‘beautiful’, *jažožə²¹⁰* [яжожы] ‘beauty’; [=] Tat. [< Chuv.] R1 131. –
- jäktö* [йактё] ‘*Pinus sylvestris*, pine’. [= якте]
- jäl* [йäl] ‘(the Cheremis) people’; [< Chuv.] R1 129. [= ял]
- jämdä* [йämдä] ‘ready’, *jämdälem* [йämдäлем] ‘I prepare’; [< Chuv.] R1 130. [= ямде, ямдылем]
- jäng* [йänг] ‘soul’; [=] Fi. *henki*. –
- jär* [йäp] ‘lake’; [=] Fi. *järvi*; [= FW] UEW 633, GB 29, SSA1 259. [= ep]
- järsem* [йäрсем] ‘I am free’, (cf. [=] Fi. *irti*). [= ярсем]
- jiengä* [енгä] ‘aunt’ [‘uncle’s wife; daughter-in-law’]; [< Tat.] R2 30. [= енга]
- jogem* [йогем] ‘I flow’, caus. *joktarem* [йоктарем] ‘I pour’; cf. [=] Fi. *joki*, [=] Saa. *joga* ‘river’; [= U] UEW 99, SSA1 240 ~ [?< Chuv.] GB 32, R1 133. [= йогем, йоктарем]

210 The suffix *žə*, *žə* attached to an adjective is the possessive suffix of the third person singular, which turns the adjective into a noun.

- jörem₁* [йёрем] ‘I am extinguished’, caus. *jörtem* [йёртэм] ‘I extinguish’. [= йёрем, йёртем]
- jörem₂* [йёрем] ‘I turn, tip over’, dem. *jörəläm* [йёрылам] id., caus. *jöräktem* [йёрыктем] ‘I overturn’. [= йёрем, йёрлам, йёрыктем]
- juk* [юк] ‘voice, sound’. [= ѹќ]
- juklanem* [юкланем] ‘I make noise’. [= ѹќкланем]
- jur* [юр] ‘rain’. [= ѹўр]
- jyäm* [йўäm] ‘I drink’, caus. *jyktem* [йўктем] ‘I give water’, ptcp. *jyksö* [йўкшö] ‘drunken, drunkard’, fact. *jyksemäm* [йўкшемäm] ‘I get drunk’; [=] Fi. *juon*; [= FU] UEW 103, GB 38, SSA1 249. [= ѹўам, йўктем, ѹўшö, йўкшемам]
- jyχšö* [йўкся] ‘swan’; [=] Fi. *joutsen*; [= FP] UEW 101, GB 39, SSA1 244. [= ѹќксö]
- jälmä* [йёлмë] ‘tongue; language’, *jälmädätmä* [йёлмëдäтмä] ‘mute [lit. without tongue]’; [= FU] UEW 313, GB 30. [= йылме, йылмыдыме]
- jöngöл* [йёингёл] ‘bell’. [= йынгтыр]
- jörem* [йёрем] ‘I smile’; [< Chuv.] R1 133. –
- jörgeskö* [йёргешкë] ‘round’, (*jär* [йёр] ‘around’); [= VP] UEW 94, GB 31. [= йыр, йыргешке]
- jädal* [йыдал] ‘shoes made of lime bašt’. [= йыдал]
- jäl* [йыл] ‘river Volga’. [= юл]
- jälatem* [йылатем] ‘I burn’; [=] Fi. *poltan*. [= ѹўлатем]
- jämta* [йымы] ‘god’, [=] Fi. *jumala*; [= FV] UEW 638, GB 36, SSA1 247. [= юмо]
- jät* [йыд] ‘night’; [=] Fi. *yö*; [= MS] UEW 99, GB 41. [= ѹўд]

K

- kadčkam* [качкам] ‘I eat’, *kartmə* [картмы] ‘eaten, eating’; [= FP] UEW 641, GB 66. [= кочкам, кочмо]
- kadčə* [качы] ‘bitter’; [=] Fi. *karvas* (NB the affinity of *d* and *r*)²¹¹; [= FP] UEW 113, GB 66. [= кочо]
- kagak* [кагак] ‘hook’; [=] Fi. *koukku*. –
- kagəl* [кагыль] ‘cake’ ['pašty'] (*niprogo*). [= когыльо]
- kaχrem* [кахырем] ‘I cough’, *kaχrətəš* [кахыртыш] ‘cough’; [< Tat.] R2 40. [= кокырем, кокыртыш]
- kajam* [каям] ‘I am visible, seen’; [=] Fi. *kajaan*; [= FW] UEW 642, GB 68, SSA1 279. [= коям]
- kaјəс* [кайыц] ‘scissors’; [=] Tat. [= каче]
- kalja* [каля] ‘mouse’, *kogo kalja* [кого каля] ‘Mus decumanus, rat’. [= коля]
- kamaka* [камака] ‘oven’; [< Chuv.] R1 147. [= комак]
- kandem* [кандем] ‘I carry, I bring’; [=] Fi. *kannan*; [= U] UEW 124, GB 73, SSA1 302. [= кондем]
- kapka* (*kabka*) [капка] ‘gate’; [=] Tat., R2 33. [= капка]
- kapšangə* [капшангы] ‘beetle’; [< Chuv.] Fed. 89, R1 248. [= копшангэ]
- karak* [карак] ‘crow’; (cf. [=] Fi. *harakka* ‘magpie’); [=] Tat. *karak*; [< Chuv.] R1 148. [= корак]
- karem* [карем] ‘valley’ ['gorge']; [= FU] GB 74, UEW 221. [= корем]
- karštem* [карштем] ‘I ache’. [= корштем]
- kaškə₁*, [кашки] ‘fast-flowing, rapid’, cf. [=] Fi. *koski*; [= FP] UEW 674, GB 45, SSA1 409. [= кашка]
- kaškə₂* [кашки] ‘sour’, *kaškət* [кашкем] ‘I turn sour’; [= VP] UEW 640, GB 46. [= кашке, кашкем]

- 212 The correct form of this word is uncertain, since it is not found in any other written sources.

kaštam [каштам] ‘I walk, I go’; cf. [=] Saa. *vadcam*.
[= коштам]

kaval or *jalgaval* [кавал, ялгавал] ‘heel’. –

kavaštə [кавашты] ‘skin, hide’. [= коваште]

kädö [кäдöй] ‘dove’. [= кеде]

känem [кäнем] ‘I rest’; [< Chuv.] R1 140. [= канем]

kängäš [кängräš] ‘advice’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 141.
[= канаш]

kängäšem [кängäšem] ‘I advise’; [< Chuv.] R1 141.
[= канашем]

kängöž [кängëij] ‘summer’; [=] Fi. *kesä*; [= FW] UEW
659, GB 50, SSA1 352. [= кенгеж]

*käškä*²¹² ‘gall’ (see *šäχš*). –

käškä [кäшкä] ‘log, block’; [< Chuv.] R1 143. [= кашка]

kävän [kävän] ‘haystack’; [< Chuv.] R1 139. [= каван]

kečem [кечем] ‘I hang’, caus. *kečöktem* [кечыктем]
‘I hang up’; [= FP] UEW 680, GB 48. [= кечем,
кечыктем]

kedčä [кечый] ‘sun, day’, *kedčä väl* [кечыйвäl] ‘noon’;
[= FU] UEW 141, GB 47. [= кече, кечывал]

kejem [кеем] ‘I go’; [=] Fi. *käyn*; [= FV] UEW 654, GB
42, SSA1 482 ~ [< Chuv.] Fed. 85. [= каэм]

kek [kek] ‘bird’; [=] Fi. *käki*; [< Chuv.] R1 139. [= кайык]

kelesem [келесäm] ‘I say’; cf. [=] Fi. *kieli* ‘language’;
[< Chuv.] R1 140. [= каласем]

kelgö [келгый] ‘deep’, *kelgözä* [келгыйжый] ‘depth’. [= кел-
ре]

keleš [келеш] ‘mušt, it is necessary’; [=] Ko. *kolä*; [= FU]
UEW 145, GB 100. [= күлеш]

kem [кем] ‘shoe’ ['boot']; [=] Ko. *kom*, [=] Fi. *kenkä*;
[= FP] UEW 650, GB 50. [= кем]

213 *-ok* is an emphatic clitic.

- keräm* [керäm] ‘I pull’ [‘I stick’]; [= VU] UEW 139, GB 51.
[= керам]
- kerdäm* (*kirdäm*) [кердäm] ‘I can’, cf. [=] Fi. *kärsin*; [= FW]
UEW 652, GB 52, SSA1 478. [= кертам]
- kerem* [керем] ‘rope’; [< Tat.] R2 36. [= керем]
- kesö* [кесö] ‘billy goat’; [≠] Ru., [≠] Tat., [= Chuv.] R1
144. [= каза]
- kiem* [киэм] ‘I lie’, [=] Ko. *kuila*; [= VU] UEW 197, GB 62.
[= кием]
- kindö* [киндö] ‘bread’; [= VP] UEW 681, GB 63. [= кинде]
- kir* [кир] ‘scale weight’; [=] Ru., [=] Tat. [= кир]
- kirok*²¹³ [кирок] ‘truth’ [‘really’]; cf. [≠] Fi. *kiroan*
‘I curse’. [= кепе]
- kiš* [киш] ‘resin gum’; [≠] Saa. *kasse*. [= киш]
- kižem* [кижем] ‘I am freezing’; [=] Ko. *ködzyd* ‘cold’;
[= VP] UEW 648, GB 65. –
- kit* (*kiit*) [кид] ‘hand’; [=] Ko. *ki*, [=] Saa. *gietta*, [=]
Fi. *käsi*; [= FU] UEW 140, GB 65, SSA1 479. [= кид]
- ko* [ко] ‘wave’; [= FP] UEW 676, GB 78. –
- koat* (*kuat*) [куат] ‘strength’, (cf. [≠] Fi. *kova*); [< Tat.] R2
42. [= куат]
- koatan* [куатан] ‘strong’; [< Tat.] R2 42. [= куатан]
- kodam* [кодам] ‘I stay’; [= U] UEW 115, GB 67, SSA1 270.
[= кодам]
- kodem* [кодем] ‘I leave’, caus. *kodəktem* [кодыктем]
‘I order to leave’; [≠] Fi. *jätän*, [=] Ko. *kolja*; [= U]
UEW 115, GB 67, SSA1 270. [= кодем, кодыктем]
- kodəlam* [кодылам] ‘I accompany’ [‘I run, I ride’]; [≠]
Ko. *kollja*; [= VP] UEW 679, GB 83. [= кудалам]
- kogarnja* [когарня] ‘Friday’ (*kogo* ‘big’ and *ärnja* ‘week’).
[= кугарня]

- kogi* [коги] ‘birch, *Betula*'; [=] Fi. *koivu*; [= U] UEW 165, GB 84, SSA1 386. [= куэ]
- kogo* [кого] ‘big'; [=] Fi. *koko*; [= FV] UEW 670, GB 86, SSA1 387. [= кугу]
- kolam* [колам] ‘I hear'; [=] Fi. *kuulen*; [= FU] UEW 197, GB 69, SSA1 456. [= колам]
- kolem* [колем] ‘I die'; [=] Fi. *kuolen*; [= U] UEW 173, GB 70, SSA1 439. [= колем]
- koljma* [кольмы] ‘spade, hoe'; [= FW] UEW 170, GB 85, SSA1 279. [= кольмо]
- koltem* [колтем] ‘I send'. [= колтем]
- koləštam* [колоштам] ‘I listen, I obey'; [= FU] UEW 197, GB 69, SSA1 456. [= колыштам]
- kombə* [комбы] ‘goose'. [= комбо]
- kornə* [корны] ‘road'; [= FU] UEW 216, GB 76, SSA1 458. [= корно]
- koštan* [костан] ‘bold' ['mean, stern']; [< Tat.] R2 41. [= коштан]
- koškem* [кошкем] ‘I dry'; [=] Ko. *kosma*; caus. *koštem* [коштем] ‘I dry'; [=] Ko. *košta*; [= U] UEW 223, GB 77. [= кошкем, коштем]
- kož* [кож] ‘*Pinus abies*, spruce'; [=] Fi. *kuusi*, [=] Ko. *kooz*; [= U] UEW 222, GB 78, SSA1 460. [= кож]
- koti* [коти] ‘cat'; [< Ru.] Sav. 101. –
- kučkaž* [кучкыж] ‘eagle'; [=] Fi. *kotka*, [=] Ko. *kuč*; [= FP] UEW 668, GB 94, SSA1 412. [= куткыж]
- kudə* [куды] ‘house’, *kudəška* ‘home (illat.)'; [=] Fi. *kota*, *koti*; [= FU] 190, GB 85, SSA1 411. [= кудо]
- kugižä* [кугижä] ‘ruler, czar’, [*kugi* ‘big’ (see *kogo* above) + -žä ‘king, ruler'] [? < Iran.] Joki 319. [= кугыжа]

- kuχšə* [кукши] ‘dry’; [=] Ko. *kos*; [≠] Fi. *kuiva*; [= VP] UEW 670, GB 87. [= кукшо]
- kuχšə gedčə* [кукшигечё] ‘Saturday’. [= кукшигече]
- kuku* [куку] ‘cuckoo’. [= куку]
- kup* [куп] ‘bog’; [≠] Fi. *korpi*. [= куп]
- kurtnəž* [курныж] ‘raven’; [=] Ko. *kyrniš*, [=] Fi. *kaarnet*; [= U] UEW 228, GB 91, SSA1 266. [= курныж]
- kuškam* [кушкам] ‘I grow’; [≠] Fi. *kasvan*; caus. *kuštem* [куштем] ‘I raise’; [≠] Fi. *kasvatan*; SSA1 326, UEW 129. [= кушкам, куштем]
- kuštem* [куштем] ‘I dance’, dim. *kuštaltem* [кушталтем]; [= FW] UEW 672, GB 92, SSA1 310. [= куштем, кушталтем]
- kuštəlgə* [куштылгы] ‘light’. [= куштылго]
- kuštəltem* [куштылтем] ‘I lighten’. –
- kuzem*²¹⁴ [кузем] ‘I rise’, caus. *kuzəktem* [кузыктем]; [= V] GB 102. [= күзем, күзыктем]
- kužə* [кужы] ‘long’, *kužəžə* [кужыжы] ‘length’; [=] Ko. *kuzj*, [≠] Saa. *kukkes*; [= VS] UEW 180, GB 98. [= кужу]
- kužəner* [кужынер] ‘mosquito [lit. long nose]’. [= кужунер]
- kykšə* [күкши] ‘high’, *kykšəžə* [күкшижы] ‘height’. [= күкшо]
- kyäm* [күäm] ‘I ripen, I get cooked’; [≠] Fi. *kypsyä*, [=] Ko. *kisma*; caus. *kyeštäm* [күэштäm] ‘I fry’; [=] Fi. *kypsytän*; [= U] UEW 143, GB 98. [= күам, күэштам]
- kyn*²¹⁵ (*kyyn*) [күн] ‘ripe, mature’; cf. [≠] Fi. *kypsi*; [= U] UEW 143, GB 98, SSA1 338. [= күн]

²¹⁴ This correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *kužem*).

²¹⁵ This is the third person singular form of the preceding verb *kyäm* ‘I ripen’ in the second preterite (and identical with the affirmative instructive gerund).

- 216 Castrén's forms are not found in present-day Hill Mari, so they have no corresponding forms in the modern orthography. Furthermore, there is a difference in conjugation: Castrén's verb belongs to the 1st conjugation, whereas the modern verb follows the 2nd conjugation.

kysem [күсем] 'I borrow', dim. *kysälem* [күсёлем]; [<> Chuv.] R1 152. –

kysä [күсй] 'loan, debt'; [<> Chuv.] R1 152. –

kyy [кү] 'stone'; [=] Fi. *kivi*; *talgyyy* [тылгү] 'flint [lit. fire stone]'; [= FU] UEW163, GB 98, SSA1 378. [= кү, тулгү]

käcəm [күчем] 'I ask', dem. *käčäläm* [күчäläm] 'I search'; [=] Fi. *kysyn*, *kyselen*; [= VU] UEW 145, GB 54. [= күчам]

kädäl [кыйдал] 'waist (поясница)'; [= VU] UEW 163, GB 54. [= кыдал]

kädč [күгч] 'nail', [=] Ko. *kyzj*, [=] Fi. *kynsi*; [= FU] UEW 157, GB 99, SSA1 464. [= күч]

kädör [кыйдёр] 'Tetrao, black grouse'; [= FU] UEW 231, GB 99. [= күдыр]

kädär or *kädärzä* [хыйдэйртыйш] 'thunder', *kädörteš* [хыйдэйртэ] 'it is thundering'.²¹⁶ [= күдырчо, күдьрта]

köl [кыл] 'string, chord'; [=] Fi. *kieli*; [=] Tat.; [= FU] UEW 135, GB 55 ~ [< Tat.] R2 37. [= кыл]

känje [күине] 'cannabis'; [= MP < Iran.] UEW 651, GB 58. [= кыне]

könjöläm [кэйнъылäm] 'I get up', caus. *könjöltem* [кэйнъылтем] 'I wake sb. up'. [= кынелам, кынелтем]

köpcök [кыйпцыйк] 'cushion'; [< Tat.] R2 43. [= күпчык]

körtnej [кыйртни] 'iron'; [=] Ko. *kört*; [= VP < Iran.] UEW 653, GB 102, Joki 273. [= күртньö]

körös [кэйрэйш] 'Perca cernua, ruffe'; [=] Ru. –

köskem [кэйшкем] 'I throw'; [=] Ko. *kišta*, [=] Fi. *viskaan*; [= FP] UEW 667, GB 62. [= кышкем]

köskäläm [кэйшкäläm] 'I pour'; [=] Ko. *kištala*. [= кышкалам]

- käškä* [кэшкэ] ‘snake’; [=] Ru. *кишка*; [= U] UEW 154, GB 64. [= кишка]
- käzä* [кэзэ] ‘knife’; [=] Fi. *veitsi*; [= VU] UEW 142, GB 103. [= күзө]
- käžgä* [кэжгэ] ‘thick, dense’, *käžgöžž* [кэжгёжж] ‘thickness’; [=] Ko. *kyz*, [=] Saa. *kassok*, *kassa*; [= FU] UEW 161, GB 103. [= күжгө]
- kötök* or *kətək* [кэйтёк] ‘short’; [=] Tat. [= күчык]
- kätem* [кэтем] ‘I tend’, *kätözä* [кэйтөзэ] ‘shepherd’; [=] Fi. *kaitsen*; [< Tat.] R2 44. [= күтем, күтүчө]
- kədašam* [кыдашам] ‘I undress myself’; [= VU] UEW 165, GB 84. [= кудашам]
- kədčem* [кычем] ‘I catch, I hold on to’; [=] Ko. *kuta*; [= FW] UEW 667, GB 82. [= кучем]
- kəmalam* [кымалам] ‘I bow’ ['I pray (bowing down)']; [=] Fi. *kumarran*; [= U] UEW 201, GB 89, SSA1 434, 435. [= кумалам]
- kəmda* [кымда] ‘broad, wide’; [= FU] UEW 203, GB 88. [= кумда]
- kəməš* [кымыж] ‘birchbark’; [= U] GB 71, UEW 121. [= кумыж]
- kəralam* [кыралам] ‘I plough’, [=] Ko. *kara* ‘I work’; [= VU] UEW 221, GB 90. [= куралам]
- kərgəšam* [кыргыжам] ‘I run’, dim. *kərgəštalam* [кыргыжталам], cf. [=] Fi. *karkailen*; [= FV] UEW 672, GB 92, SSA1 310. [= куржам, куржталам]
- kərək* [кырык] ‘mountain, hill’; [=] Fi. *korkia*; [= FV] UEW 672, 677, GB 90, SSA1 403. [= курык]
- kərəska* [кырска] ‘son-in-law’ ['brother-in-law']; [< Chuv.] R1 151. [= курска]
- kəškedäm* [кышкедэм] ‘I tear; I skin’; [= VP] UEW 641, GB 93, SSA1 327. [= кушкедам]

- 217 This correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *koškožam*).

kəškəžam [кышкыжам] ‘I ride (a horse)’. [= күшкүжам]

kəškəžmə²¹⁷ [кышкыжмы] ‘Tuesday’. [= күшкүжмо]

kətkə [кыткы] ‘ant’; [= FP] UEW 678, GB 94. [= күтко]

L

laap [лап] ‘low, flat’; [=] Saa. *lapta*, Ko. *ljapkyd*; [= U] UEW 237, SSA2 48 ~ [< Chuv. < Udm.] GB 107. [= лап]

laksak [лаксак] ‘hole, hollow’; [= FV] UEW 683 ~ [< Chuv.] GB 105. –

lapa [лапа] ‘palm, paw’; [< Ru.] Sav. 102. –

lašaš [лашаш] ‘flour’. [= ложаш]

laval [лавал] ‘Cyprinus, bream’; [=] Fi. *lahna*. [= ловал]

läktäm [läktäm] ‘I leave’; [=] Fi. *lähden*; [= FU] UEW 239, GB 109, SSA2 122. [= лектам]

lävrä [lävrä] ‘dirt’; [=] Chuv. Fed. 94, R1 250. [= лавра]

lävörtem [lävöрtem] ‘I dirty, I stain’; [=] Chuv. Fed. 94, R1 250. [= лавыртем]

lebäž [левäш] ‘roof’; [= FU] UEW 241, GB 110. [= леваш]

lebedäm [леведäm] ‘I cover’; cf. [=] Fi. *levitän*; [= FU] UEW 241, GB 110. [= леведам]

lebkä [лепкä] ‘forehead’. –

lelë [лелё] ‘heavy’; [=] Fi. *läylä* ‘hard’; [= FV] UEW 243, GB 157, SSA2 129. [= неле]

lem [лем] ‘soup’; [=] Fi. *liemi*; [= FU] UEW 245, GB 109, SSA2 70. [= лем]

livem [ливем] ‘I melt’, (see *šəlem*, *šöränem*), caus. *livöktem*; cf. [=] Fi. *livet*; [= FU] UEW 246, GB 111. [= левем, левыктем]

- lo* [ло] ‘space between something’, (see *pokšal*); [= FV]
UEW 692, GB 116, SSA₂ 90. –
- loem* [лоэм] ‘I grasp, I seize’; [< Ru.] Sav. 102. –
- logalam* [логалам] ‘I butt with horns (once)’; [=] Ko.
lukala; [= onom.] GB 117, UEW 66. [= логалам]
- loger* [логер] ‘throat’. [= логар]
- loktem* [локтем] ‘I bewitch’, *loktažə* [локтызы] ‘sorcer-
er’. [= локтем, локтызо]
- lombə* [ломбы]²¹⁸ ‘Prunus padus, bird cherry’; [=] Fi.
lemmenpuri; [= U] UEW 65, GB 118, SSA₃ 329.
[= ломбо]
- lomaž* [ломыж] ‘ash’; [= VU] UEW 250, GB 119. [= ло-
мыж]
- lu* (*luu*) [лу] ‘bone’; [=] Fi. *luu*, [=] Ko. *ly*; [= U] UEW 254,
GB 121, SSA₂ 114. [= лу]
- luudə* [луды] ‘grey’. [= лудо]
- lydäm* [лүдäm] ‘I am afraid’, caus. *lydöktēm* [лүдйктем]
‘I frighten’. [= лүдам, лүдьктем]
- lyjem* (*lyem*) [лүэм] ‘I shoot’; [=] Ko. *lyja*, cf. [=] Fi. *lyön*
‘I hit’; [= FU] UEW 247, GB 128, SSA₂ 121. [= лүем]
- lylpä* [лүлпый] ‘Betula alnus, alder’; [=] Fi. *leppä*.
[= нолппо]
- lyltem* [лүлтем] ‘I lift’ [‘I rise (of the sun)’]²¹⁹. [= нолтем]
- löm* [лўим] ‘name’; [=] Fi. *nimi*, [=] Ko. *nim*; *lämtämä*²²⁰
[лўимтўимбї] ‘nameless’, [=] Fi. *nimitöin*; [= U]
UEW 305, GB 129, SSA₂ 222. [= лўим, лўимдымбї]
- lömdem* [лўимдем] ‘I call, I name’; dim.-caus. *lömdältem*
[лўимдайлтем]. [= лўимдем, –]
- löpä* [лўипый] ‘butterfly’; [=] Saa. *lablok*; [= U] UEW 259,
GB 113, SSA₂ 74. [= лыве]

218 Originally a com-
pound: *lom* ‘bird
cherry’ + *pu* ‘tree’.

219 The verbal stem
lylt(j)- appears in
both conjugations:
lyltäm ‘I rise’ and
lyltem ‘I lift’. In EGT
the transitive verb
has incorrectly been
translated as the re-
flexive one.

220 In EGT a misprint
(*limderna*). The cor-
rect form is found in
the Swedish manu-
script.

- 221 The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *miiz*).

löštäš or *älöštäš* [йёлъштäш] ‘leaf’; [=] Fi. *lehti*; [= FW] UEW 689, GB 112, SSA2 58. [= лышташ]

lədam [лыдам] ‘I read, I count’; [=] Fi. *luen*; [= FU] 253, GB 121, SSA2 100. [= лудам]

lədə [лыды] ‘Anas, duck (утка)’; [= FU] UEW 254, GB 123, SSA2 80. [= лудо]

ləktam [лыктам] ‘I carry off’. [= луктам]

ləm [лыим] ‘snow’; [=] Fi. *lumi*, [=] Ko. *lym*; [= U] SSA2 102, UEW 253, GB 125. [= лум]

M

maarə [мары] ‘Mari’; [< Aryan] Joki 280. [= марий]

madam [мадам] ‘I play’. [= модам]

matək [мамык] ‘feather’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 45. [= мамык]

manam [манам] ‘I speak’; GB 136. [= манам]

manar [манар] ‘whetstone’. [= монар]

mardež [мардеж] ‘wind’. [= мардеж]

meägörem [мäгьрем] ‘I cry’; [?< Chuv.] R1 253, Fed. 95. [= магырем]

men (*meen*) [мен] ‘Gadus lota, burbot’; [=] Fi. *mae*.

miem [миэм] ‘I come’; [=] Fi. *menen*; [= U] UEW 272, GB 141, SSA2 159. [= мием]

miž (*miž*)²²¹ [миж] ‘wool’; [= VP < Iran.] Joki 285, UEW 703, GB 138. [= меж]

moam [моам] ‘I find’; [= FU] UEW 284, GB 147, SSA2 174. [= муам]

moχš [мокш] ‘liver’; [=] Fi. *maksa*, [=] Ko. *mus*; [= U] UEW 264, GB 144, SSA2 142. [= мокш]

momoca [момоца] ‘sauna’; [=] Ru., [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 154. [= монча]

- mondem* [мондем] ‘I forget’; cf. [=] Fi. *menetän*; [< Chuv.] R1 154, Fed. 95. [= мондем]
- moren* [морен] ‘*Lepus borealis*, hare’. [= меранг]
- möör* [мöр] ‘berry’; [=] Saa. *muorje* (*myörje*), [=] Fi. *marja*; [= FV] GB 147, UEW 264, SSA2 149. [= möp]
- mörtnjö* [мöртнъё] ‘spawn, roe’; [= MU] UEW 295 ~ [= FV] GB 147, UEW 264, SSA2 149. [= мöртнъё]
- möskä* [мöскä] ‘bear’; [=] Ko. *oš*, [=] Fi. *ohto*. [= маска]
- mudə* [муды] ‘*Vaccinium myrtillus*, blueberry’; [= MU] UEW 279, GB 143. [= модо]
- mužedäm* [мужедäm] ‘I foretell, I predict’; [= MU] UEW 288, GB 152. [= мужедам]
- my* (*myy*) [мү] ‘honey’; [=] Ko. *ma*, [=] Fi. *mesi*; [= FU < IE] UEW 273, GB 154, SSA2 161. [= мүй]
- myχš* [мүкш] ‘bee’; [=] Ko. *mazy*, [=] Fi. *mesiainen*; [= FU < IE] UEW 271, GB 155, SSA2 156. [= мүкш]
- myländö* (*my*) [мүлэндö] ‘land’; [=] Ko. *ti*, [=] Fi. *maa*; [= U] UEW 264, GB 142, SSA2 133. [= мланде]
- mönjer* [мейнер] ‘linen’. [= вынер]
- möškär* [мёшкыр] ‘stomach’; [= VP] UEW 703, GB 156. [= мёшкыр]
- möžär* [мёжэр] ‘kaftan’. [= мыжер]
- mədčaš* [мычаш] ‘end; treetop’; [= VU] UEW 283, GB 148. [= мучаш]
- məndəra* [мындыра] ‘ball’. [= мундыра]
- məndərtem* [мындыртем] ‘I wind’. [= мундыртем]
- mənə* [мыны] ‘egg’; [=] Fi. *munä*; [= U] UEW 285, GB 150, SSA2 178. [= муно]
- mərə* [мыры] ‘song’, *mərem* [мырем] ‘I sing’; [= VU] UEW 287, GB 150. [= муро, мурэм]

- 222 Originally a compound: *nälön kejem* > *nängejēm*.

məškam [мышкам] ‘I wash’; [= U] UEW 289, GB 151.
[= мушкам]

məškəndə [мышкынды] ‘fist’; [= VP] UEW 704, GB 151.
[= мушкындо]

məštem [мыштем] ‘I can’; [=] Fi. *mahdan*; [= FV] UEW 265, GB 145. [= моштем]

N

naaməs [намыс] ‘shame’, *naməsan* [намысан] ‘shameful, miserable’, *naaməstəmə* [намысдымы] ‘shameless’; [< Chuv. ~ Tat.] R1 155, R2 46. [= намыс]

naarənza [нарынзы] ‘golden-yellow’; [< Tat.] R2 46.
[= нарынче]

nadčkə [начкы] ‘damp, humid’; [=] Ko. *njašti* ‘dirt’;
[= FU] UEW 311, GB 162, SSA2 202. [= ночки]

namalam [намалам] ‘I carry’. [= нумалам]

näläm [нäläm] ‘I take, I buy’, *ödäröm näläm* [йдбýрýм
нäläm] ‘I get married [lit. I take a wife]’. [= налам]

*nängejēm*²²² [нängeem] ‘I take along’. [= нангаем]

neläm [нелäm] ‘I swallow’; [=] Fi. *nielen*; [= U] UEW 315,
GB 157, SSA2 216. [= нелам]

ner (*neer*) [нер] ‘nose’; [=] Ko. *nyr*, [=] Fi. *nenä*; [= U]
UEW 303, GB 158, SSA2 213. [= нер]

nerem [нерем] ‘I fall asleep’; [= U] GB 159. [= нерем]

nezer [незер] ‘poor’, *nezeremäm* [незеремäm] ‘I get
poorer’; [< Chuv.] R1 156. [= незер]

niemör [немýр] ‘spelt porridge’. [= немыр]

njänem see *önjänem* [йнянем].

nörem [нöрем] ‘I become wet’, caus. *nörtem* [нöртем];
[?= FV] GB 164, UEW 709, SSA2 231. [= нöрем,
нöртем]

nuš [нуж] ‘Esox lucius, pike’; GB 168. [= нуж]
nuž [нуж] ‘Urtica, nettle’; GB 168. [= нуж]
nyšmō [нүшмөй] ‘seed’. [= нöшмөй]
nyštöläm [нүштёлам] ‘I wash myself’ ['I swim']; [= FV]
 GB 40, UEW 631. [= йүштылам]
nöškä [нёшкы] ‘blunt’; [=] Ko. *nyž*; [= VP] UEW 708, GB
 169. [= нүшкө]
nöškemät [нёшкемäm] ‘I become blunt’, caus. *nöškem-*
-dem [нёшкемдем]. [= нүшкемам, нүшкемдем]
nöžäm [нёжäm] ‘I rub’; GB 170. [= нёжам]
nəgədə (*nugudə*) [ныгыды] ‘dense, thick’. [= нугыдо]
nəgədemäm [ныгыдемäm] ‘I thicken’. [= нутыдемам]
nəlem [нылем] ‘I lick’; [=] Fi. *nuolen*, [=] Ko. *njula*; [= U]
 UEW 321, GB 166, SSA2 239. [= нулем]
nər [ныр] ‘field’; cf. [=] Fi. *nurmi*. [= нур]

O

obtem₁ [оптем] ‘I place’ (кладу)’, (see *pištem*); GB 176,
 UEW 5. [= оптем]
obtem₂ [оптем] ‘I bark’; [= FU] UEW 14, GB 176. [= оп-
 тем]
obtəš [оптыш] ‘trap’; GB 176, UEW 5. [= оптыш]
oχra [охыра] ‘Allium, onion’. –
ojχə [ойхы] ‘sorrow’; [< Chuv.] R1 159. [= ойго]
ojχərem [ойхырем] ‘I mourn’; [< Chuv.] R1 159. [= ой-
 гырем]
oksa [окса] ‘money’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 159. [= окса]
olja [оля] ‘meat’; [=] Fi. *liha*; [< Chuv.] R1 160. –
olm [олым] ‘straw’; [=] Fi. *olki*; [?< Chuv.] R1 162.
 [= олым]

- olma* [олма] ‘apple’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 162. [= олма]
olmanga [олманга] ‘bench’. [= олмонга]
olmaktem [олмыктем] ‘I repair, I put right’. [= олмык-
 тем]
oltem [олтем] ‘I heat’, cf. *jəlatem* [йылатем] ‘I set fire to’;
 [< Chuv.] R1 163. [= олтем]
om (*oom*) [ом] ‘sleep’; [=] Fi. *uni*; [= VU] UEW 335, GB
 172. [= омо]
omeštäm [омештäm] ‘I yawn’; [= VU] UEW 335, GB 172. –
ong [онг] ‘breast’; [< Chuv.] R1 166. [= онг]
onjaka [оняка] ‘husband’s older sister’; [< Chuv.] R1
 166. –
onəškä [оныска] ‘father-in-law’; [< Chuv.] R1 166.
 [= оньска]
orodə [ороды] ‘fool’. [= ораде]
orolem [оролем] ‘I guard (каракулю)’; [< Chuv.] R1 170.
 [= оролем]
ošə [оши] ‘white’; [=] Ko. *jedžyd*; [= FU] UEW 3, GB 178,
 SSA1 124. [= ошо]
ošemäm [ошемäm] ‘I become white’, caus. *ošemdem*
 [ошемдем]; [= FU] UEW 3, GB 178, SSA1 124.
 [= ошемам, ошемдем]
ošma [ошма] ‘sand’, *ošman* [ошман] ‘sandy’. [= ошма,
 ошман]
ožə [ожы] ‘stallion’; [= MP] UEW 607, GB 179. [= ожо]
otə [оты] ‘island’ ['small grove']; [< Chuv.] R1 172. [= ото]
ovəška [овышка] ‘bridegroom’; [< Chuv.] R1 157. –

223 According to R₂ 49
paj has been bor-
rowed to both Rus-
sian and Mari from
Tatar.

O

- ördöž* [օրդ္ောଜ] ‘side, flank’ (бокъ); [= FP] GB 16, UEW 625. [= օրդыж]
örkänem [օրկାନେମ] ‘I laze’; [< Chuv.] R₁ 169. [= օրକା-
ନେମ]
örtnjel (*örtnjer*) [օର୍ତନେଳ, օର୍ତନେପ] ‘saddle’; [< Chuv.] R₁ 170. [= օର୍ତନ୍ୟୋପ]

P

- paatəl* [патыл] ‘cream’. –
padč [пач] ‘tail; late’; [=] Ko. *böz*; [= MU] UEW 353, GB 190. [= поч]
padčam [пачам] ‘I open’, dim. *padčalam* [пачалам];
[= FU] UEW 352, GB 191. [= почам]
pai [пай] ‘part’, *pajəlem* [пайлем] ‘I divide’; [=] Ru., [=]
Tat.²²³ [< Tat.] R₂ 49. [= пай]
rajan [паян] ‘rich’, *rajem* [паем] ‘I get rich’; [< Chuv.] R₁ 178. [= поян, поем]
palšem [палшем] ‘I help’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R₁ 180.
[= полшем]
pandaš [пандаш] ‘beard’; [=] Fi. *parta*. [= пондаш]
pandaš [панды] ‘stick’; [= FP] UEW 734, GB 193, SSA₂ 394.
[= понды]
paremäm [паремäm] ‘I recover, I get better’; [=] Fi. *paranen*, [=] Saa. *buorranam*, [=] Ko. *burda*; caus. *paremdem* [паремдем]; [= FP] UEW 724, GB 195, SSA₂ 313. [= поремам, поремдем]
parnja [парня] ‘finger’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R₁ 175. [= парня]
partəš [партыш] ‘felted cloth’. [= портыш]

- 224 The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *pistem*).
 225 The etymology concerns the first part of the compound *пиж-*.

paslək [паслык] ‘halter made of baſt’; [< Tat.] R2 51. –
paškudə [пашкуды] ‘neighbour’; [< Chuv.] R1 181.
 [= пошкудо]
pat [пад] ‘pot’; [= FU] UEW 358, GB 196, SSA2 322.
 [= под]
patja [патя] ‘lamb’. [= пача]
pälö [пälö] ‘sign’, *pälem* [пälем] ‘I notice’ [‘I know’];
 [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 147. [= палем]
pärem [пäрем] ‘I hit’; [< Tat.] Is. 116, R2 88. [= перем]
päšä [пäшä] ‘action’ [‘work’]; [=] Fi. *arja*; [= MP] UEW
 725. [= паша]
peleštem [пелештем] ‘whisper’ [‘I say’]. [= пелештем]
pelö (*peelö*) [пел] ‘half’; [=] Saa. *bæle*, [=] Fi. *puoli*; [= U]
 UEW 362, GB 181, SSA2 347. [= пеле]
pi (*pii*) [пи] ‘dog’; [=] Fi. *penu*, [=] *bæn*, [=] Ko. *pon*; [= FP]
 UEW 371, GB 188, SSA2 335. [= пий]
piäl [пиäl] ‘fortune’, *piälän* [пиälän] ‘happy’; [< Chuv.]
 R1 176. [= пиал]
pigär [пигär] ‘dish’; [=] Fi. *pikari*. –
piirö [пирö] ‘wolf’; [=] [< Tat.] R2 53. [= пире]
pik (*piik*) ‘spear’; [< Ru.] Sav. 109. [= пике]
pingëdə [пингëдö] ‘stingy’; [= FM] UEW 731, GB 184,
 SSA2 368. [= пентыде]
pislö [писты] ‘*Tilia europaea*, lime’; [= FV] UEW 726, GB
 189. [= писте]
*pištēm*²²⁴ [пиштем] ‘I put’; [=] Fi. *pislän* ‘I put’; [= FV]
 UEW 733, GB 186, SSA2 376. [= пыштем]
pižgom [пижгом] ‘sleeve’ [‘mitten’]; [= MU]²²⁵ UEW
 376, GB 189. [= пижгом]

- pitärem* [питäрем] ‘I shut, I close’ (see *čyčäm*); [< Chuv.] R1 176. [= петырем]
- podälam* [подылам] ‘I eat with a spoon’ [‘I slurp’]. [= по-
дылам]
- pogem* [погем] ‘I collect’; [< Chuv.] R1 178, Fed. 107.
[= погем]
- pokšal* [покшал] ‘centre, middle’. [= покшел]
- poktem* [поктем] ‘I chase’; [= MS] UEW 402, GB 192.
[= поктем]
- popem*²²⁶ [попем] ‘I speak’; [< Chuv.] R1 258, Fed. 106. –
- potikä* [потикä] ‘omen; amusement’. –
- pödčëž*²²⁷ [пöчëж] ‘Vaccinium oxycoccus, cranberry’.
[= пöчыж]
- pöken* [пöкен] ‘chair’. [= пёкен]
- pört* [пöрт] ‘house, hut’; [≠] Ko. *gort*; [< Ru.] SSA2 374.
[= пöрт]
- pöröž*²²⁸ [пöрёж] ‘husband’s younger brother’. [= пö-
рыж]
- praxem* [пырахем] ‘I cease, I interrupt’; [< Chuv.] R1
182. –
- prezä* or *pärezä* [презä, пýрезä] ‘calf’; [< Chuv.] R1 176,
Fed. 101. [= презе]
- pu (puu)* [пу] ‘tree, wood’; [=] Fi. *puu*, [=] Ko. *pu*; [= U]
UEW 410, GB 198, SSA2 443. [= пу]
- pualam* [пуалам] ‘I swell; I blow’,²²⁹ cf. [=] Fi. *puhallan*;
[= VS] UEW 411, GB 199. [= пуалам]
- pučä* [пучы] ‘reindeer’; [=] Saa. *poacco*; [= FU] UEW 387,
GB 208. [= пүчö]
- puem* [пуэм] ‘I give’. [= пуэм]

- 226 The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *popom*).
227 The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *pödčez*).
228 The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT *pöres*) as well as the precise translation.
229 Mari has two verbs that are considered homonyms: *pualam* ‘I swell’ of unknown origin and *pualam* ‘I blow’ of Uralic origin. Castrén has considered them as one.

- 230 The (disputed) etymology concerns the second part of the compound *-шäнгёй*.
- 231 The form given by Castrén is not found in modern Hill Mari; instead, other derivations (*пёцкемёиши*, *пёцкämä*) with the same meaning are used.

pukšem [пукшем] ‘I feed’. [= пукшем]

puləš [пулыш] ‘shoulder’; [= VP] UEW 734, GB 200.
[= пулыш]

pura [пура] ‘case for grain’; [=] Fi. *purnu*; [< Tat.] R2 55.
[= пура]

purə [пуры] ‘good’; [=] Ko. *bur*, [=] Saa. *buorre*, (cf. [=] Fi. *paras* ‘best’); [= FP] UEW 724, GB 195, SSA2 314.
[= поро]

pušängj [pushängty] ‘tree’ (see *pu*); [= FV]²³⁰ UEW 756,
GB 222, SSA3 239. [= пушенге]

puštam [пуштам] ‘I kill’. [= пуштам]

puštə [пушты] ‘porridge cooked of grains’; [=] Ru..
[= пушто]

py (pyy) [пү] ‘tooth’; [=] Ko. *pinj*, [=] Saa. *pane*; [= FU]
UEW 382, GB 210, SSA2 352. [= пүй]

pyergə [пүэргү] ‘man’ (*ergə* ‘son’); [= FU] UEW 84, 390,
GB 17, 207, SSA2 385, SSA3 493. –

pygj [пүгү] ‘arc, curved object’; [< Chuv.] R1 183.
[= пүгö]

pyχš [пүкш] ‘nut’; [=] Fi. *pähkinä*; [= FP] UEW 726, GB
210, SSA2 455. [= пүкш]

päčkäm [пёчкäm] ‘I cut’; [= U] UEW 367, GB 208. [= пёч-
кäm]

päčkemeš [пёцкемеш] ‘it is darkening’. –

*päčkädö*²³¹ ‘dark’. –

päčl [пёл] ‘cloud’; [=] Fi. *pilvi*; *päčän* [пёлän] ‘cloudy’;
[= FU] UEW 381, GB 185, SSA2 367. [= пыл]

päčläš [пёлыйш] ‘ear’; [=] Ko. *pelj*, [=] Saa. *bælje*; *päčlästämö*
[пёлыйшдымё] ‘deaf’; [= FU] UEW 370, GB 185.
[= пылыш, пылышдыме]

- pəsə* [пъйсъ] ‘sharp’; (cf. [=] Fi. *pištän*); [< Chuv.] R1 184.
[= пүсö]²³²
- pəsəlmə* [пъизёлмей] ‘*Sorbus aucuparia*, rowan’; [=] Fi. *pihlaja*; [= FU] UEW 376, GB 186, SSA2 351.
[= пызле]
- pəžäž* [пъжäш] ‘nest’; [=] Fi. *pesä*, [=] Saa. *bæsse*, [=] Ko. *poz*; [= U] UEW 375, GB 187, SSA2 343. [= пыжаш]
- pətärem* [пыйтäрем] ‘I finish’; [=] [< Tat.] R2 58. [= пытарем]
- pəda* [пыда] ‘nail’; [< Chuv.] R1 182. [= пуда]
- pədərgem* [пыдыргем] ‘I break down’, caus. *pədərtem* [пыдыртем]. [= пудыргем, пудыртем]
- pəlvui* [пылвуй] ‘knee’; [=] Fi. *polvi*; [= U] UEW 393, GB 199, SSA2 392.²³³ [= пулвуй]
- pən* [пын] ‘feather’; [=] Fi. *kynä*; [= FU] UEW 402, GB 200, SSA2 426. [= пун]
- pərem* [пырем] ‘I enter’; [=] Ko. *pyra*, [=] Fi. *pyrin*; caus. *pərtem* [пыртем]; [=] Ko. *pyrta*; [= FP] UEW 408, GB 202. [= пурэм, пуртем]
- pərəlam* [пырылам] ‘I bite’; [=] Fi. *puren*; [= U] UEW 405, GB 202, SSA2 437. [= пурлам]
- pəš*, [пыш] ‘boat’; [=] Ko. *pyž*; [= MP] UEW 398, GB 205.
[= пуш]
- pəš₂* [пыш] ‘stink’ (see *yps*); [< Chuv.] R1 185. [= пуш]
- pəškədə* [пышкыды] ‘soft’. [= пушкыдо]
- pəžem* [пыхжем] ‘I rip off (e.g., a lid)’; [< Tat.] R2 57.
[= пужжем]

232 In Hill Mari *nýcë* has the meanings ‘sharp’ and ‘fast’. Its cognate in Meadow-Eastern Mari has produced two phonologically and semantically distinct forms, initially of dialectal origin: *nýcö* ‘sharp’ and *nuce* ‘fast’.

233 The Mari word is a compound: *pəl* ‘knee’ + *wuj* ‘head’

R

roem [роэм] ‘I cut, I chop’; [=] Fi. *raan*; [= MU] UEW 425, GB 217. [= руэм]

rok [рок] ‘land, black soil’ (see *myländä*). [= рок]

rža [ыржа] ‘Secale cereale, rye (рожь)’; [< Ru.] Sav. 113. [= уржа]

ruš [руш] ‘Russian’; [< Ru.] Sav. 114. [= руш]

rušärnja [рушärнja] ‘Sunday [lit. Russian week]’. [= рушарня]

räbäž (*läbäž*) [рэвыйж] ‘fox’; [=] Fi. *repo*; [= FU < IE] UEW 423, GB 215, SSA3 65. [= рывых]

S

saavədc [савыц] ‘scarf, cloth’; [< Chuv.] R1 210. [= шовыч]

sai ‘good, excellent’; [< Tat.] R2 58. [= сай]

sala [сала] ‘whip’; [< Chuv.] R1 194. [= сола]

sanzal [санзал] ‘salt’, *sanzalan* [санзалан] ‘salty’, caus. *sanzaltem* [санзалтем] ‘I salt’; [= FP < IE] UEW 750, GB 235, SSA3 214, Joki 316. [= шинчал, шинчалан, шинчалтем]

sarasem [карасем] ‘I fit’; [< Chuv.] R1 197. [= сöрасем]

sarta [сарта] ‘candle, light’; [=] Ko. *sartas*; [< Chuv.] R1 198. [= сорта]

sarvalem [саrвалем] ‘I pray, I beg’ (see *käčem*); [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 197. [= сöрвалем]

saslem [саслем] ‘I send’ [‘I shout’]; [< Chuv.] Fed. 110. –

sasna [сасна] ‘pig’; [< Chuv.] R1 199. [= сöсна]

sava [сава] ‘slap with palm’; [< Chuv.] R2 86. [= сово]

savala [савала] ‘spoon’; [< Chuv.] R1 193. [= совла]

- säkem* [cäkem] ‘I hang (e.g. to dry)’, dim.-caus. *säkältem* [cäkältem]; [< Chuv.] R1 186. [= сакем, сакалтем]
- sändälök* [sändälöök] ‘world’; [< Chuv.] R1 187. [= сандалык]
- säp* [cäp] ‘bridle’; [< Chuv.] R1 188. [= сап]
- särem* [cärem] ‘I turn’, *särnäläm* [cärnäläm] id. [refl.]; [< Chuv.] R1 186. [= савырем, савырналам]
- sedörä* [седёрэ] ‘floor’. –
- selmä* [сельмä] ‘frying pan, pot’; [< Chuv.] R1 186. [= салма]
- sermäc* [сермйц] ‘bridle’; [=] Ko. *sermäd*²³⁴. [= шёрмыч]
- sevem* [севем] ‘I hit’ (see *pärem*); [< Chuv.] R2 86. [= савем]
- sir*²³⁵ [сир] ‘shore, bank’; [#] Fi. *syrjää*; [#] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 191. [= сеп]
- sirem* [сирем] ‘I write’ (cf. [#] Ko. *ser* ‘multicolour’ and *seredla* ‘I embroider’), frequ. *sirkälem* [сирыкäлем], dim.-caus. *sirältem* [сираптем]; [< Chuv.] R1 191. [= серем, серкалем, сералтем]
- sirämäš* [сирмаш] ‘letter’; [< Chuv.] R1 191. [= серымаш]
- sitä* [ситä] ‘enough’; [< Chuv.] R1 193. [= сита]
- skal*²³⁶ ‘weighing pan (scales)’. –
- sola* [сола] ‘village (село)’; [< Ru.] Sav. 115. –
- sotə* [соты] ‘light, bright’; cf. [#] Ko. *sota* ‘I burn’, [#] Fi. *sytyp*; [< Chuv.] R1 203. –
- sotemäm* [сотемäm] ‘I shine’, caus. *sotemdem* [сотемдем]; [< Chuv.] R1 203. –
- sörem* [körem] ‘I want’ ['I promise']; [< Chuv.] R1 197. [= кöрем]
- sra* [сыра] ‘beer’; [#] Ko. *sur*, [=] Tat. *sra*; [< Tat.] R2 63. [= сыра]

234 See Lytkin – Guljaev 1999: 251.

235 There is a misprint in EGT: instead of *sir* we find *ir* on page 61. According to the Swedish manuscript there is no *ir*. Due to this misprint EGT has both *ir* and *sir* (p. 70), although the former does not exist in the language.

236 The correct form of this word is uncertain, since it is not found in any other written sources.

- 237 A misprint in EGT (*sunc*). The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript.
- 238 In EGT the word-initial consonant is š – although alphabetized as s. In the Swedish manuscript the initial consonant is correctly s.
- 239 In the Swedish manuscript the initial consonant is s.
- 240 This verb is missing in EGT, although it exists in the Swedish manuscript. Both verbs have an initial š in EGT, but in the manuscript s. In Hill Mari dialects, both variants occur.

suk [сүк] ‘sacrificial offering’; [< Chuv.] R1 201. [= сук]
sukər [сыкыр] ‘bread’; [< Chuv.] R1 202. [= сукыр]
sulək [сулық] ‘sin’; [< Chuv.] R1 202. [= сулык]
*susu*²³⁷ [сүсү] ‘cheerful’. –
syän [сүän] ‘wedding’. [= сүан]
syk [сүк] ‘garbage’, *kol syk* [кол сүк] ‘fish scale’. [= шүк]
sägärem [сүгэрем] ‘I shout’; [?< Chuv.] R1 262. [= си-
 гырем]
*sänzä*²³⁸ [сүнзä] ‘eye’; [= Ko. *sin*, [= Fi. *silmä*; *sänzädömä*
 [сүнзäдымä] ‘blind’; [= U] UEW 479, GB 234,
 SSA3 181. [= шинча]
*sänzem*₁²³⁹ [сүнзэм] ‘I know, I remember’. [= шинчем]
*sänzem*₂ [шүнзэм] ‘I sit’, *sänzäm*²⁴⁰ [шүнзäm] ‘I sit
 down’; [= FU] UEW 431, GB 236, SSA3 164. [= шин-
 чем, шинчам]
səravadč [сыравач] ‘key, lock’; [< Chuv.] R1 203. [= спа-
 ровъ]

ſ

šaarək [шарык] ‘sheep’; [≠] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 213. [= шо-
 рык]
šaarəktam [шарыктам] ‘I cry’ ['I frighten']. [= шортам]
šaavənj [шавынь] ‘soap’; [≠] Fi. *saipua*; [< Chuv.] R1 200.
 [= шовын]
šaavər [шавыр] ‘(women’s) short linen kaftan’; [< Chuv.]
 R1 209. [= шовыр]
šadčam [шачам] ‘I grow up’ ['I am born']; [= VS] UEW
 52, GB 237. [= шочам]
šadčmo [шачмы] ‘Monday’; [= VS] UEW 52, GB 237.
 [= шочмо]
šaga [шага] ‘plough (coxa)’; [< Chuv.] R1 210. [= шога]

- šagalam* [шагалам] ‘I get up’, caus. *šagaltem* [шагал-
тем]; [= MU] UEW 431, GB 239. [= шагалам, шо-
галтэм]
- šagärten* [шагыртен] ‘Pica, magpie’. [= шогертен]
- šaištam* [шайыштам] ‘I speak’; [= Fi. *haastan*; < Chuv.]
R1 210. [= шойыштам]
- šaja* [шая] ‘talk’; [< Chuv.] R1 210. [= шоя]
- šaja garem* [шаягарем] ‘neck’ (from [=] Ru. *шея* and
karem); [< Chuv.] R1 210 + [= FU] GB 74, UEW 221.
[= шоягорем]
- šaptər* [шаптыр] ‘Ribes, currant’; [= MP] UEW 751, GB
246. [= шоптыр]
- šapə* [шапы] ‘sour’; [=] Fi. *hapan*; [= FU] UEW 54, GB
245, SSA1 140. [= шопо]
- šardə* [шарды] ‘Cervus alces, elk’; [= VS] UEW 464; GB
247. [= шордо]
- šaršə* [шаршы] ‘berries of Viburnum opulus, European
cranberry bush’, *šaršə pu* [шаршыванды] ‘Euro-
pean cranberry bush’. –
- šädängö* [шäдäңгй] ‘Triticum, wheat’; [= MU] UEW 496,
GB 227. [= шыдан]
- šär* [шäр] ‘tendon’ ['blood vessel']; [= MU] UEW 437, GB
226. [= шер]
- šärem* [шäрэм] ‘I make the bed’; [< Chuv.] R1 206. [= ша-
рем]
- šäχš* [шäкш] ‘gall’. [= шекш]
- šekläinem* [шеклänem] ‘I watch out’; [< Tat.] R2 63.
[= шекланем]
- sel* (*šeel*) [шел] ‘fat’, *šelän* [шелэн] ‘fatty’; [= U] SSA3
180, UEW 758, GB 223. [= шел]
- šeläm* [шелäm] ‘I split’; [= FU] UEW 470, GB 223, SSA3
238. [= шелам]

- 241 In EGT *šidä*. This form is not found in other literary sources.
- 242 A misprint in EGT (*šokse*). The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript.

šenik [шеньёк] ‘fork’; [= Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 205.
[= шаньык]

šer [шер] ‘beads’. [= шер]

šerge [шерге] ‘comb’; [= VP] UEW 757, GB 226. [= шерге]

šergö [шергё] ‘expensive’. [= шерге]

šeškä [шешкё] ‘daughter-in-law’; (cf. [=] Fi. *sisko* ‘sister’). [= шешке]

šiäm [шиäm] ‘I beat’. [= шиям]

šidö²⁴¹ [ши, шыя] ‘heartwood’ ['growth ring'], (see *ärdö*); [= U] UEW 443, GB 233, SSA3 233. [= ший]

šidem [шидем] ‘I forge’. –

šigol [шигол] ‘*Salmo salar*, salmon’ ['Wels catfish'] (silvery fish). [= шийгол]

šii [ши] ‘silver’. [= ший]

šimbadč [шимпач] ‘*Mustela erminea*, stoat’ [lit. black tail]. –

šimö [шимёй] ‘black’; [=] Fi. *himia* ‘dim’; [= MP] UEW 758, GB 224. [= шеме]

šin (*šiin*) [шин] ‘Fomes, tinder fungus’; [= FU] UEW 494, GB 225, SSA3 173. [= шен]

širem [ширем] ‘I harrow the field’; [< Chuv.] R1 217.
[= шүрэм]

šižäm [шижäm] ‘I wake up’; [< Tat.] R2 64. [= шижам]

škal [ышкал] ‘cow’; [= MP] UEW 805. [= ушкал]

šma or *šmaraž* [ышма, ышмараж] ‘mouth’. [= умша]

šoam [шоам] ‘I come’ (see *pørem*), caus. *šoktem* [шоктем]; [= FP] UEW 429, GB 250, SSA3 137. [= шуам, шуктем]

šodə [шоды] ‘lungs’; [= FV] UEW 754, GB 238. [= шодо]

šoe [шоэ] ‘scarce’. [= шуэ]

šokšə²⁴² [шокшы] ‘warm’. [= шокшо]

243 The correct form of this word is uncertain, since it is not found in any other written sources.

- šokšemdem* [шокшемдем] ‘I warm up’. [= шокшемдем]
- šol* [шол] ‘intestine’; [= FU] UEW 483, GB 243, SSA3 215.
[= шоло]
- šoljə* [шолы] ‘younger brother’; [< Chuv.] R1 211. [= шолъо]
- šoltem* [шолтем] ‘I boil’. [= шолтем]
- šolə* [шолы] ‘thief’; cf. [=] Fi. *sala* ‘secret’; [= U] UEW 430, GB 241, SSA3 146. –
- šoləštam* (*šolštam*) [шолыштам] ‘I rob’; [= U] UEW 430, GB 241, SSA3 146. [= шолыштам]
- šong* [шонг] ‘foam’; [= V] UEW 621, GB 244. [= шонг]
- šongə* [шонгы] ‘old’; [= MU] UEW 448, GB 244. [= шонг-го]
- šošəm* [шошым] ‘spring’. [= шошо]
- šož* [шож] ‘Hordeum, barley’; [= VP] UEW 622, GB 248.
[= шож]
- šörtnjə* [шортный] ‘gold’; [=] Ko. *zarny*; [< Iran.] Joki 250.
- ſträš* [Ӧштырэш] ‘woollen cloth’; [= MP] GB 18, UEW 827. [= Ӧштыраш]
- ſtövär*²⁴³ ‘pelvis’. –
- ſudə* [шуды] ‘gras’. [= шудо]
- ſuem* [шуэм] ‘I throw’; [=] Fi. *syy'än*, [=] Ko. *šybita*; [= MP] UEW 777. [= шуэм]
- ſukš* [шукш] ‘worm’; [= FV] UEW 764, GB 254. [= шукш]
- ſukə* [шукы] ‘much, many’; [=] Ko. *suk*, [=] Fi. *sakia* ‘dense’; [= FP] UEW 750, SSA3 145, GB 254. [= шуко]
- ſulam* [шулам] ‘I cut’. [= шулам]
- ſulda* [шулды] ‘cheap’; [=] Fi. *halpa*. [= шулдо]
- ſun* [шун] ‘clay’; [= FU] UEW 468, GB 256, SSA3 162.
[= шун]

244 Castrén gives this and the following word as one lemma with two meanings. They are, however, two Uralic words which have become homonymous in Mari. The latter one (*šyy* ‘pus’) is the same stem as in *šyχšö* (see above).

- šur* [шур] ‘horn’; [=] Ko. *sjur*, [=] Fi. *sarvi*; *šurdəmə* [шурдымы] ‘hornless’. [= шур, шурдымо]
- surem* [шурем] ‘I stab’, dim.-caus. *šuraltem* [шуралтем] id.; [= FU] UEW 491, GB 258, SSA3 222. [= шурем]
- šuršə* [шурши] ‘Pulex irritans, flea’; [= FU] UEW 39, BG 259, SSA3 199. [= шуршо]
- šušər* [шушыр] ‘sick’; [< Chuv.] R1 200. [= сусыр]
- šušərgem* [шушыргем] ‘I am ill, I become ill’; [< Chuv.] R1 200. [= сусыргем]
- šy* [шү] ‘neck (шея)’; [= FU] UEW 473, GB 263, SSA3 169. [= шүй]
- šydem* [шүдем] ‘I command’. [= шүдем]
- šyχšö* [шүкшö] ‘rotten’; [= U] GB 264, UEW 434. [= шүкшö]
- šyläš* [шүлйиш] ‘breath’; [#] Tat.; [< Chuv.] 215. [= шүлыш]
- šym* [шүм] ‘heart’; [=] Fi. *syän*; [= U] UEW 477, GB 266, SSA3 228. [= шүм]
- šymbel* [шүмбел] ‘older brother’; [= U + U] UEW 362, 477, GB 181, 266, SSA3 228, SSA2 347. [= шүмбел]
- šyy*²⁴⁴ [шү] ‘coal’; [= U] UEW 477, GB 265, SSA3 232. [= шүй]
- šyy* [шү] ‘pus’; [= U] UEW 434, GB 264. [= шүй]
- šädeškem* [шыйдешкем] ‘I get angry’. [= шыдешкем]
- šädä* [шыйдä] ‘hatred’, *šädän* (*šidän*) [шыйдäн] ‘angry’. [= шыде]
- šädär* [шыйдäр] ‘star’; [< Chuv.] R1 214. [= шүдир]
- šädärem* [шыйдäрем] ‘I spin’; [= MP] UEW 757, GB 261. [= шүдирэм]
- šäχs* [шыйкш] ‘smoke’. [= шикш]

- šöläm* [шёлам] ‘I run’ [‘I hide’]. [= шылам]
- šöl* [шёл] ‘fathom’; [=] Fi. *syli*; [= U] SSA₃ 229, UEW 444, GB 265. [= шёллö]
- šölä* [шёльы] ‘oats’; [< Chuv.] R₁ 216. [= шёльё]
- šöränem* [шёрэнем] ‘I melt’, caus. *šörätem* [шёратем]; [< Chuv.] R₁ 265, Fed. 154. [= шыранем, шыратем]
- šöräš* [шёрэш] ‘grit, groats’; [= FV] UEW 776, GB 267, SSA₃ 201. [= шёраш]
- šörem* [шёрем] ‘I lubricate, I butter’; [?< Chuv.] R₁ 216, GB 268, UEW 761. [= шёрем]
- šörgö*²⁴⁵ [шёргй] ‘forest’. [= шёргö]
- šörtnjem* [шёртнем] ‘I hit, I bump into’ [‘I stumble’]. [= шёртнем]
- šößer* [шёшер] ‘milk’. [= шöп]
- šöštä* [шёшты] ‘leash’; [< Balt.] SSA₁ 161, UEW 786. [= шёштö]
- šöžö* [шёжй] ‘autumn’; [=] Fi. *syys*; [= FU] UEW 443, GB 232, SSA₃ 229. [= шыже]
- šövem* [шёвем] ‘I spit’; [= FU] UEW 479, GB 270, SSA₃ 229. [= шёвем]
- šövöär* [шёвыйр] ‘bladder’; [< Chuv.] R₁ 214. [= шёвыр]
- šöldär* [шылдыр] ‘wing’. [= шулдыр]
- šölem* [шылем] ‘I melt’; [=] Fi. *sulaan*; [= FU] UEW 450, GB 254, SSA₃ 210. [= шулем]
- šöpšam* [шыпшам] ‘I pull; I suck’. [= шупшам]
- šöpstem*²⁴⁶ [шыпштем] ‘I transport’.
- šöralam* [шыралам] ‘I stab’; [= FU] UEW 491, GB 258, SSA₃ 222. [= шуралам]
- šesar* [шыжар] ‘younger sister’; [=] Fi. *sisar*; [< Balt.] SSA₃ 187, UEW 761. [= шужар]

245 This word is not found in EGT. It does, however, exist in the Swedish manuscript.

246 A misprint in EGT (*šopstem*). The correct form is found in the Swedish manuscript.

247 In present-day Hill Mari the word for ‘uncle’ is *kuguza* [кугуза].

248 In EGT all three verbs are written with šc, but šk is used in the Latin and Swedish manuscripts.

Z

zä [йзä] ‘brother’, *kogo za*²⁴⁷ [кого йзä] ‘uncle’; [=] Fi. *setä*; [= U] UEW 78, GB 26, SSA1 229. [= иза]

Ž

žargə [ыжаргы] ‘green’; [< FP < Iran.] UEW 823, GB 300, SSA3 436. [= ужарге]

žava [жава] ‘Rana, frog’; [< Ru.] Sav. 95. [= ужава]

žep [жеп] ‘reckoning’ ['time']. [= жап]

žeplem [жеплем] ‘I am responsible, I answer for’ ['I respect']. [= жаплем]

žga [ыжга] ‘fur coat’; [= FU] UEW 541, GB 301, SSA3 379. [= ужга]

T

tajem [таэм] ‘I hide’; [< Tat.] Is. 151. [= тоем]

talašem [талашем] ‘I hurry’, caus. *talaštem* or *talaštarrem* [талаштарем] ‘I accelerate’; [< Tat.] Is. 152. [= толашем, толаштарем]

tangəž [тангыж] ‘sea’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 219. [= тенгыз]

*taškem*²⁴⁸ [ташкем] ‘I tread, I stamp’, dim. *taškalam* [ташкалам], dim.-caus. *taškaltem* [ташкалтем]. [= тошкем, тошкалам, тошкалтем]

taškaltəš [ташкалтыш] ‘step, stair’.

taza [таза] ‘fat’, *tazalem* ‘I get fat(ter)’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 68. [= таза]

tavar [тавар] ‘axe (топорь)’. [= товар]

täktö [тäктö] ‘wasp’. [= текте]

- täng* [täŋg] ‘friend’; [< Chuv.] R1 218. [= танг]
- tär* [täp] ‘price’ (see *äk*); [< Chuv.] R1 219. [= тар]
- tärlem* [tärplēm] ‘I employ, I hire’; [< Chuv.] R1 219. [= тарлем]
- tärvänem* [tärvänem] ‘I move’, caus. *tärvätem* [tärvä-tem]; [< Chuv.] R1 219. [= тарванем, тарватем]
- telj* [telj] ‘winter’; [= Fi. *talvi*; [= FU] UEW 516, GB 271, SSA3 265. [= теле]
- temäm* [temäm] ‘I get satiated’, caus. *temöktem* [темёк-tem] ‘I saturate; I satiate’; [= MU] UEW 520, GB 272. [= темам, темыктем]
- ti* [ти] ‘Pediculus, louse’; [=] Fi. *täi*; [= FU] UEW 515, GB 278, SSA3 353. [= тий]
- tir (tiir)* [тир] ‘sleigh’; [= FU] UEW 517, GB 272, SSA3 356. [= тер]
- tjotja* [тьотя] ‘grandfather on father’s side’. –
- toi* [той] ‘orichalcum, brass’. [= той]
- tolam* [толам] ‘I come’; [=] Fi. *tulen*; [= U] UEW 535, GB 278, SSA3 324. [= толам]
- top* [топ] ‘cannon’²⁴⁹; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 70. [= топ]
- tor (toor)* [топ] ‘cramped, narrow’; [< Chuv.] R1 222. –
- tos* [toc] ‘friend’; [< Tat.] R2 71. [= toc]
- toš* [тош] ‘back of axe’; [= FP] UEW 793, GB 281, SSA3 251. [= тош]
- toštem*²⁵⁰ [тоштем] ‘I dare’; [=] Fi. *tohdin*; [= FV] UEW 799, GB 281, SSA3 303. [= тоштам]
- tot* [tot] ‘tašte’; [< Chuv.] R1 228. [= тут]
- totlə* [тотлы] ‘sweet’; [< Chuv.] R1 228. [= тутло]
- tör or törok (töör)* [töp, töpök] ‘straight; straightaway’; [=] Fi. *suora*; [< Chuv.] R1 222. [= töp]

²⁴⁹ In EGT *top* has been translated as ‘torture’, but in the Swedish manuscript the correct meaning ‘cannon’ is found.

²⁵⁰ Usually, the verb *toštam* is inflected in the first conjugation, not in the second as in EGT.

- 251 In EGT *tuuməs*, but the correct form with š is found in the manuscripts.

törgeštem [тöргештем] ‘I hop’. [= тörштем]
törlänem [тöрлänем] ‘I get well’; [< Chuv.] R1 222. [= тöр-
ланем]
törlem [тöрлем] ‘I mend, I heal’, caus. *törlöktem* [тöрлëк-
тем] id.; [< Chuv.] R1 222. [= тöрлем, тöрлыктем]
tum [тум] ‘Quercus, oak’; [=] Fi. *tammi*; [= FV] UEW 798,
GB 286, SSA3 265. [= тумо]
tup [туп] ‘back’; [= MU] UEW 538, GB 287. [= туп]
tuuməs²⁵¹ [тумыш] ‘patch’; [= FP] UEW 798, GB 285.
[= тумыш]
tuuməštem [тумыштем] ‘I patch, I mend’; [= FP] UEW
798, GB 285. [= тумыштем]
tylem [тёлем] ‘I pay’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 72. [= тёлем]
tyšäk [тёшäк] ‘mattress’; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 72. [= тё-
шак]
täkäläm [тёкалäm] ‘I touch’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] Fed. 130,
R1 269. [= тёкалем]
tälzä [тёлзы] ‘moon’; [=] Ko. *tölys*. [= тылзе]
täng [тёинг] ‘base of a tree’; [=] Fi. *tyvi* or *tyen*; [= FU]
UEW 523, GB 289, SSA3 350. [= тён]
tängäläm [тёнгäläm] ‘I start’; [= FU] UEW 523, GB 289.
[= тёнгäläm]
tör [тёр] ‘edge’; [=] Ko. *dor*; [= MP] UEW 795, GB 290.
[= тёр]
tärdöš [тёртёш] ‘round’. [= тыртыш]
täredäm [тёредäm] ‘I cut, I scythe’; [=] Tat. [= тёредам]
tärvä [тёрвы] ‘lip’; [= FP] UEW 801, GB 290, SSA3 336.
[= тёрвö]
tärönj [тёрйинь] ‘aslant’; [= MP] UEW 795, GB 290.
[= тёрын]

- tötärä* [тöтäрä] ‘fog, vapor’; [< Chuv.] R1 228. [= тöтыра]
- tägär* [тыгыр] ‘shirt’; [= MP] UEW 797, GB 288. [= тувыр]
- täl* [тыл] ‘fire’; [=] Fi. *tuli*; [= U] UEW 535, GB 284, SSA3 323. [= тул]
- tämbak* [тымбак] ‘lead bullet’²⁵² ['further that way']. [= тумбак]
- tämdem* [тымдем] ‘I teach’, caus. *tämdäktem*; [= VS] UEW 537, GB 286. [= туныктем]
- tämenjäm* [тыменяјам] ‘I learn’; [= VS] UEW 537, GB 286. [= тунемам]
- tör*²⁵³ ‘border’; [cf. *tär* above]. [= тöр]
- tör*²⁵⁴ [тыр] ‘calm, quiet’. –
- tärlém* [тырлем] ‘I am silent’. –
- tärnja* [тырня] ‘swan’ (see *jyχšö*) ['Grus, crane']; [< Chuv.] R1 228. [= турня]
- täšman* [тышман] ‘scoundrel, robber’ ['enemy']; [=] Tat.; [< Tat.] R2 75. [= тушман]

U

- ua* [ya] ‘*Salix arenaria*, willow’; [< Chuv.] R1 234. [= ya]
- ukš* [укш] ‘branch, twig’; [=] Fi. *oksa*, [=] Ko. *uu*; [= FP] UEW 716, GB 293, SSA2 262. [= укш]
- upš* [упш] ‘cap’; [= MP] UEW 720, GB 296. [= упш]
- ur*[yp] [yp] ‘*Sciurus*, squirrel; kopeck’; [=] Ko. *ur*, [=] Fi. *orava*; [= FP] UEW 343, GB 297, SSA2 270. [= yp]
- urmäžam* [урмыжам] ‘I howl’. [= урмыжам]
- urəs* (*urs*) [вурс] ‘steel’; [=] Fi. *teräs*; [< Chuv.] R1 124. [= вурс]
- uštəš* [уштыш] ‘verst, Russian measure of length (верста)’. [= уштыш]

²⁵² Castrén’s translation seems incomprehensible, as the word looks like the pronominal adverb translated in square brackets.

²⁵³ In Hill Mari, the word *tör* ~ *tär* has dialectally differentiated into two forms differing in their vowel and meaning.

²⁵⁴ In EGT *tör*.

- 255 The noun is only found in the Swedish manuscript, not in EGT.

užam [ужам] ‘I see’; [= V] UEW 809, GB 299. [= ужам]
utə [уты] ‘superfluous’; [< Chuv.] R1 237. [= уто]
uu [y] ‘new’; [=] Fi. *uusi*; [= FU] UEW 587, GB 292, SSA3
 380. [= y]

V

vadə [вады] ‘evening’. [= водо]
vaktem or *paktem* ‘I drip’. –
vaktəš or *paktəš*²⁵⁵ [вактыш] ‘water drop’. –
val [вал] ‘trough’; [< Chuv.] R1 122. [= вол]
valem [валем] ‘I go down; I sink’; [= FU] UEW 554, GB
 315, SSA3 399. [= волем]
valgənza [валгынзыш] ‘lightning’; [=] Fi. *valkeaa*; [= FV]
 UEW 554, GB 316, SSA3 399. [= волгенче]
vaštaltem [вашталтем] ‘I exchange, I swap something for
 something’; (cf. [=] Fi. *vastaan* ‘against, for’); [= FP]
 UEW 811, GB 307, SSA3 390. [= вашталтем]
vaštar [ваштар] ‘*Acer platanoides*, maple’; [=] Fi. *vahteri*;
 [= FV] UEW 812, GB 308, SSA3 382. [= ваштар]
vaštem [ваштем] ‘I translate’; [= FV] UEW 815, GB 308,
 SSA3 416. [= воштем]
vaštəlam [ваштылам] ‘I laugh’. [= воштылам]
vaštər [ваштыр] ‘twig; broom’. [= воштыр]
vazam (*vaazam*) [вазам] ‘I fall, I sink’; [=] Ko. *uzja*; [= FP]
 UEW 808, GB 317. [= возам]
važ [важ] ‘root’; [=] Ko. *vuž*; [= MS] UEW 548, GB 317.
 [= вож]
važlam [важылам] ‘I feel ashamed’; [= VP] UEW 808, GB
 318. [= вожылам]
väkš [väkš] ‘mill’. [= вакш]

256 The correct form with *c* is found in the manuscripts (in EGT *č*).

- vär* [väp] ‘place’; [=] Tat.; [= FU] UEW 569, GB 310, SSA3 428. [= вер]
- vätö* [vätö] ‘wife’; [< Chuv.] R1 120. [= вате]
- vesö* [весö] ‘other’. [= вece]
- vilem* [вилем] ‘I sprinkle’. [= велем]
- vim* [вим] ‘medulla, marrow; birch’s heartwood’, (cf. [=]
Fi. *voima* ‘strength’), *vui vim* [вуй вим] ‘brain’;
[= FU] UEW 572, GB 309, SSA3 488. [= вем]
- vimä* [вимä] ‘working bee’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 121.
[= вёма]
- visem* [висем] ‘I weigh, I measure’; [< Chuv.] R1 121.
[= висем]
- vitä* [витä] ‘stable, cowshed’; [< Chuv.] R1 122. [= вёта]
- voljäk* [вольык] ‘livestock’; [< Chuv.] R1 123. [= вольык]
- vui* [вуй] ‘head’; [=] Ko. *vyy* ‘overhead’, [=] Fi. *yli*; [= U]
UEW 336, GB 319, SSA2 261. [= вуй]
- vulnə* [вулны] ‘tin’; [= MU] UEW 581, GB 320. [= вулно]
- vurgəmla* [вургымла] ‘right-hand’. [= пурла]
- väcköz²⁵⁶* [вэцкэйж] ‘thin, skinny’; [= FM] UEW 817, GB
312. [= вичкыж]
- välö* [вёлй] ‘mare’; [=] Ko. *vöö* (*völi*) ‘horse’, [=] Tat. *biä*;
[= FU] UEW 563, GB 321. [= вёлью]
- väär* [вёир] ‘blood’; [=] Fi. *veri*; [= FU] UEW 576, GB 322,
SSA3 427. [= вёр]
- värgedčö* [вёргечй] ‘Wednesday’. [= вёргече]
- värgenjä* [вёргенъё] ‘copper’; [=] Ko. *yrgä*; [= MP] UEW
576, GB 322. [= вёргене]
- vät* [выйд] ‘water’; [=] Fi. *vesi*; *vät sänzä* [выдсёнзä]
‘spring [lit. eye of the water]’; *vädän* [выйдэн] ‘wet,
damp’; [= U] UEW 570, GB 323, SSA3 429. [= вёд,
вёдинча, вёдан]

- 257 The correct form with a word-final ž is found in the Swedish manuscript (in EGT š).
 258 The correct form with an ž is found in the manuscripts (in EGT z).

vədčem [вычем] ‘I wait’; [=] Fi. *varron* (*vartoa*); [= U] UEW 334, GB 319, SSA2 258. [= вучем]
vərgem [выргем] ‘garment, vestment’; [= MU] UEW 584, GB 298. [= вургем]
vərsem [вырсем] ‘I scold’; [=] Tat.; [< Chuv.] R1 125. [= вурсем]
vəšalem [выжалем] ‘I sell’; [=] Ko. *vuzala*; [= FU] UEW 585, GB 299, SSA2 274. [= ужалем]

Y

ydem [ёдем] ‘I sow’; [= VU] UEW 570, GB 303. [= ёдем]
yl [ёл] ‘the one that is below’; [= U] UEW 6, GB 304, SSA1 66. [= ёл]
yngö [үнгёй] ‘Bubo, eagle-owl’. [= ўнгö]
yps [ёпш] ‘smell’; [=] Ko. *is*, [=] Tat. *is*; [= U] UEW 83, GB 304. [= ёпш]
ypšem [ёпшем] ‘I smell’; [= U] UEW 83, GB 304. [= ёпшем]
ys [ёш] ‘club, cudgel’. [= ёш]
*yškyž*²⁵⁷ [ёшкүж] ‘ox’; [=] Ko. *ös*; [= MP] UEW 806, GB 305. [= ўшкыж]
yštä [ёшты] ‘cold’; [= FU] UEW 90, GB 40, SSA1 260. [= йўштö]
*yžäm*²⁵⁸ [ёжäm] ‘I invite’; [= MP] UEW 629, GB 306. [= ёжам]
yy [ÿ] ‘butter’; [=] Ko. *vyi*, [=] Fi. *voi*; [= FU] UEW 578, GB 303, SSA3 467. [= ўй]
yyp [ёп] ‘hair’; [=] Saa. *yöpt*; [= U] UEW 14, GB 304. [= ёп]

Ӧ

- ödör [ёдёр] ‘daughter, girl’; [=] Fi. *tytär*. [= ёдыр]
 ödörämäš [ёдэрämäш] ‘young wife’ ['woman']. [= ёдырамаш]
 öfölem [ёфөлем] ‘I blow’. [= уфлем]
 ölem [ёлем] ‘I live’; [=] Fi. *elän*; [= U] UEW 73, GB 23,
 SSA1 103. [= илем]
 ömölkä [ёмёлкä] ‘shadow’. [= ёмылка]
 öngöžä [ёнгёжä] ‘shoulder’; [=] Tat. –
 önjänem [ёнянем] ‘I believe, I hope’; [=] Tat. [< Chuv.]
 R1 127. [= инанем]
 ördö [ёрдё] ‘heartwood’; [=] Fi. *ydin*. [= рүдө]
 örvezö (örbezö) [ёрвезё] ‘child, young man’; [=] Tat.
 [= FV] UEW 722, GB 218. [= рвезе]
 östäläm [ёшталам] ‘I sweep’. [= ёшталам]
 östem [ёштем] ‘I do’; [=] Tat. [= FP] UEW 626, GB 18.
 [= ыштем]
 östö [ёшты] ‘belt’; [= FU] UEW 575, GB 305. [= ёштö]

Ӫ

- adəlam [ыдылам] ‘I pray’. [= удылам]
 adərem [ыдырем] ‘I comb; I row’. [= удырем]
 eməla (əmla) [ымыла] ‘Humulus lupulus, hop’; [=]
 Fi. *humala*; [< Chuv.] R1 235. [= умла]
 eraš [ыраж] ‘crack, gap’; [= MU] UEW 418, GB 217.
 [= рож]
 argem [ыргем] ‘I sew’; [= MU] UEW 584, GB 298. [= ургем]
 eš [ыш] ‘intellect; memory’, ešan [ышан] ‘wise’; [< Tat.]
 R2 83. [= уш, ушан]